

**MATHEMATICS Extended Part**  
**Module 1 (Calculus and Statistics)**  
**Question-Answer Book**

8.30 am – 11.00 am (2½ hours)  
This paper must be answered in English

**INSTRUCTIONS**

1. After the announcement of the start of the examination, you should first write your Candidate Number in the space provided on Page 1 and stick barcode labels in the spaces provided on Pages 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 and 11.
2. This paper consists of TWO sections, A and B.
3. Attempt ALL questions in this paper. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this Question-Answer Book. Do not write in the margins. Answers written in the margins will not be marked.
4. Graph paper and supplementary answer sheets will be supplied on request. Write your Candidate Number, mark the question number box and stick a barcode label on each sheet, and fasten them with string INSIDE this book.
5. Unless otherwise specified, all working must be clearly shown.
6. Unless otherwise specified, numerical answers should be either exact or given to 4 decimal places.
7. No extra time will be given to candidates for sticking on the barcode labels or filling in the question number boxes after the 'Time is up' announcement.

Please stick the barcode label here.

Candidate Number

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--





Please stick the barcode label here.

2. Let  $A$  and  $B$  be two events. Suppose that  $P(A) = 0.2$ ,  $P(B') = 0.7$  and  $P(A|B) = 0.6$ , where  $B'$  is the complementary event of  $B$ .

- (a) Find  $P(B|A)$ .
- (b) Are  $A$  and  $B$  mutually exclusive? Explain your answer.
- (c) Are  $A$  and  $B$  independent? Explain your answer.

(6 marks)

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.













Please stick the barcode label here.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.



Please stick the barcode label here.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.



Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

A large rectangular area with horizontal dotted lines for writing, intended for student answers.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.



Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.





Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

A large rectangular area with horizontal ruling lines, intended for writing answers. The lines are evenly spaced and cover most of the page's width.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

A large rectangular area with horizontal ruling lines, intended for writing answers. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

A large rectangular area with horizontal dotted lines for writing, intended for student answers.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

12. A researcher, Peter, models the number of crocodiles in a lake by

$$x = 4 + \frac{3k}{2^{\lambda t} - k},$$

where  $\lambda$  and  $k$  are positive constants,  $x$  is the number in thousands of crocodiles in the lake and  $t (\geq 0)$  is the number of years elapsed since the start of the research.

- (a) (i) Express  $(x-4)(x-1)$  in terms of  $\lambda$ ,  $k$  and  $t$ .
- (ii) Peter claims that the number of crocodiles in the lake does not lie between 1 thousand and 4 thousand. Is the claim correct? Explain your answer. (3 marks)

(b) Peter finds that  $\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{-\ln 2}{24}(x-4)(x-1)$ .

- (i) Prove that  $\lambda = \frac{1}{8}$ .
- (ii) For each of the following conditions (1) and (2), find  $k$ . Also determine whether the crocodiles in the lake will eventually become extinct or not. If your answer is 'yes', find the time it will take for the crocodiles to become extinct; if your answer is 'no', estimate the number of crocodiles in the lake after a very long time.
- (1) When  $t = 0$ ,  $x = 0.8$ .
- (2) When  $t = 0$ ,  $x = 7$ . (9 marks)

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

A large rectangular area with horizontal dashed lines for writing, intended for students to provide answers to questions. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

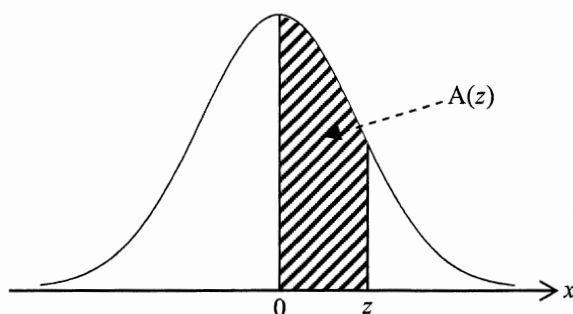
**END OF PAPER**

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

Standard Normal Distribution Table

$z$	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09
0.0	.0000	.0040	.0080	.0120	.0160	.0199	.0239	.0279	.0319	.0359
0.1	.0398	.0438	.0478	.0517	.0557	.0596	.0636	.0675	.0714	.0753
0.2	.0793	.0832	.0871	.0910	.0948	.0987	.1026	.1064	.1103	.1141
0.3	.1179	.1217	.1255	.1293	.1331	.1368	.1406	.1443	.1480	.1517
0.4	.1554	.1591	.1628	.1664	.1700	.1736	.1772	.1808	.1844	.1879
0.5	.1915	.1950	.1985	.2019	.2054	.2088	.2123	.2157	.2190	.2224
0.6	.2257	.2291	.2324	.2357	.2389	.2422	.2454	.2486	.2517	.2549
0.7	.2580	.2611	.2642	.2673	.2704	.2734	.2764	.2794	.2823	.2852
0.8	.2881	.2910	.2939	.2967	.2995	.3023	.3051	.3078	.3106	.3133
0.9	.3159	.3186	.3212	.3238	.3264	.3289	.3315	.3340	.3365	.3389
1.0	.3413	.3438	.3461	.3485	.3508	.3531	.3554	.3577	.3599	.3621
1.1	.3643	.3665	.3686	.3708	.3729	.3749	.3770	.3790	.3810	.3830
1.2	.3849	.3869	.3888	.3907	.3925	.3944	.3962	.3980	.3997	.4015
1.3	.4032	.4049	.4066	.4082	.4099	.4115	.4131	.4147	.4162	.4177
1.4	.4192	.4207	.4222	.4236	.4251	.4265	.4279	.4292	.4306	.4319
1.5	.4332	.4345	.4357	.4370	.4382	.4394	.4406	.4418	.4429	.4441
1.6	.4452	.4463	.4474	.4484	.4495	.4505	.4515	.4525	.4535	.4545
1.7	.4554	.4564	.4573	.4582	.4591	.4599	.4608	.4616	.4625	.4633
1.8	.4641	.4649	.4656	.4664	.4671	.4678	.4686	.4693	.4699	.4706
1.9	.4713	.4719	.4726	.4732	.4738	.4744	.4750	.4756	.4761	.4767
2.0	.4772	.4778	.4783	.4788	.4793	.4798	.4803	.4808	.4812	.4817
2.1	.4821	.4826	.4830	.4834	.4838	.4842	.4846	.4850	.4854	.4857
2.2	.4861	.4864	.4868	.4871	.4875	.4878	.4881	.4884	.4887	.4890
2.3	.4893	.4896	.4898	.4901	.4904	.4906	.4909	.4911	.4913	.4916
2.4	.4918	.4920	.4922	.4925	.4927	.4929	.4931	.4932	.4934	.4936
2.5	.4938	.4940	.4941	.4943	.4945	.4946	.4948	.4949	.4951	.4952
2.6	.4953	.4955	.4956	.4957	.4959	.4960	.4961	.4962	.4963	.4964
2.7	.4965	.4966	.4967	.4968	.4969	.4970	.4971	.4972	.4973	.4974
2.8	.4974	.4975	.4976	.4977	.4977	.4978	.4979	.4979	.4980	.4981
2.9	.4981	.4982	.4982	.4983	.4984	.4984	.4985	.4985	.4986	.4986
3.0	.4987	.4987	.4987	.4988	.4988	.4989	.4989	.4989	.4990	.4990
3.1	.4990	.4991	.4991	.4991	.4992	.4992	.4992	.4992	.4993	.4993
3.2	.4993	.4993	.4994	.4994	.4994	.4994	.4994	.4995	.4995	.4995
3.3	.4995	.4995	.4995	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4997
3.4	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4998
3.5	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998

Note : An entry in the table is the area under the standard normal curve between  $x = 0$  and  $x = z$  ( $z \geq 0$ ). Areas for negative values of  $z$  can be obtained by symmetry.



$$A(z) = \int_0^z \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} dx$$