HONG KONG EXAMINATIONS AND ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY HONG KONG DIPLOMA OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

MATHEMATICS Compulsory Part PAPER 2 (Sample Paper)

Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes

- 1. Read carefully the instructions on the Answer Sheet. Stick a barcode label and insert the information required in the spaces provided.
- 2. When told to open this book, you should check that all the questions are there. Look for the words 'END OF PAPER' after the last question.
- 3. All questions carry equal marks.
- 4. **ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS.** You are advised to use an HB pencil to mark all the answers on the Answer Sheet, so that wrong marks can be completely erased with a clean rubber.
- 5. You should mark only **ONE** answer for each question. If you mark more than one answer, you will receive **NO MARKS** for that question.
- 6. No marks will be deducted for wrong answers.

Not to be taken away before the end of the examination session

There are 30 questions in Section A and 15 questions in Section B. The diagrams in this paper are not necessarily drawn to scale. Choose the best answer for each question.

Section A

- $1. \qquad (3a)^2 \cdot a^3 =$
 - A. $3a^5$. B. $6a^6$. C. $9a^5$. D. $9a^6$.
- 2. If 5 3m = 2n, then m =

A.
$$n$$
.
B. $\frac{2n-5}{3}$.
C. $\frac{-2n+5}{3}$.
D. $\frac{-2n+15}{3}$.

3.
$$a^2 - b^2 + 2b - 1 =$$

- A. (a-b-1)(a+b-1).
- B. (a-b-1)(a+b+1).
- C. (a-b+1)(a+b-1).
- D. (a-b+1)(a-b-1).

- 4. Let p and q be constants. If $x^2 + p(x+5) + q \equiv (x-2)(x+5)$, then q =
 - A. -25.
 B. -10.
 C. 3.
 D. 5.
- 5. Let $f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 7x + 3$. When f(x) is divided by x + 2, the remainder is
 - A. 3.
 B. 5.
 C. 17.
 D. 33.

6. Let *a* be a constant. Solve the equation (x-a)(x-a-1) = (x-a).

A. x = a + 1B. x = a + 2C. x = a or x = a + 1D. x = a or x = a + 2

7. Find the range of values of k such that the quadratic equation $x^2 - 6x = 2 - k$ has no real roots.

- A. k < -7
- B. k > -7
- C. *k* < 11
- D. *k* > 11

- 8. In the figure, the quadratic graph of y = f(x) intersects the straight line L at A(1, k) and B(7, k). Which of the following are true?
 - I. The solution of the inequality f(x) > k is x < 1 or x > 7.
 - II. The roots of the equation f(x) = k are 1 and 7.
 - III. The equation of the axis of symmetry of the quadratic graph of y = f(x) is x = 3.
 - A. I and II only
 - B. I and III only
 - C. II and III only
 - D. I, II and III



9. The solution of 5-2x < 3 and 4x+8 > 0 is

- A. x > -2.
- B. x > -1.
- C. x > 1.
- D. -2 < x < 1.
- 10. Mary sold two bags for \$ 240 each. She gained 20% on one and lost 20% on the other. After the two transactions, Mary
 - A. lost \$20.
 - B. gained \$10.
 - C. gained \$60.
 - D. had no gain and no loss.

- 11. Let a_n be the *n*th term of a sequence. If $a_1 = 4$, $a_2 = 5$ and $a_{n+2} = a_n + a_{n+1}$ for any positive integer *n*, then $a_{10} =$
 - A. 13.
 B. 157.
 C. 254.
 D. 411.
- 12. If the length and the width of a rectangle are increased by 20% and x% respectively so that its area is increased by 50%, then x =
 - A. 20.B. 25.
 - C. 30.
 - D. 35.
- 13. If x, y and z are non-zero numbers such that 2x = 3y and x = 2z, then (x+z): (x+y) =
 - A. 3:5.B. 6:7.
 - C. 9:7.
 - D. 9:10.
- 14. It is given that z varies directly as x and inversely as y. When x=3 and y=4, z=18. When x=2 and z=8, y=
 - A. 1.
 - B. 3.
 - C. 6.
 - D. 9.

- 15. The lengths of the three sides of a triangle are measured as 15 cm , 24 cm and 25 cm respectively. If the three measurements are correct to the nearest cm, find the percentage error in calculating the perimeter of the triangle correct to the nearest 0.1%.
 - A. 0.8%
 - B. 2.3%
 - C. 4.7%
 - D. 6.3%
- 16. In the figure, O is the centre of the circle. C and D are points lying on the circle. OBC and BAD are straight lines. If OC = 20 cm and OA = AB = 10 cm, find the area of the shaded region BCD correct to the nearest cm².
 - A. 214 cm^2
 - B. $230 \, \text{cm}^2$
 - C. $246 \, \text{cm}^2$
 - D. 270 cm^2



17. The figure shows a right circular cylinder, a hemisphere and a right circular cone with equal base radii. Their curved surface areas are $a \text{ cm}^2$, $b \text{ cm}^2$ and $c \text{ cm}^2$ respectively.







Which of the following is true?

- A. a < b < c
- B. a < c < b
- C. c < a < b
- D. c < b < a

18. In the figure, ABCD is a parallelogram. T is a point lying on AB such that DT is perpendicular to AB. It is given that CD = 9 cm and AT : TB = 1:2. If the area of the parallelogram ABCD is 36 cm², then the perimeter of the parallelogram ABCD is



19. $\frac{\sin\theta}{\cos 60^{\circ}} + \frac{\cos(270^{\circ} - \theta)}{\tan 45^{\circ}} =$ A. $\sin\theta$ B. $3\sin\theta$ C. $2\sin\theta - \cos\theta$ D. $2\sin\theta + \cos\theta$

20. In the figure, AB = 1 cm, BC = CD = DE = 2 cm and EF = 3 cm. Find the distance between A and F correct to the nearest 0.1 cm.



- 21. In the figure, ABCD is a semi-circle. If BC = CD, then $\angle ADC =$
 - A. 118°.
 - B. 121°.
 - C. 124°.
 - D. 126°.



22. In the figure, O is the centre of the circle ABCDE. If $\angle ABE = 30^{\circ}$ and $\angle CDE = 105^{\circ}$, then $\angle AOC =$



23. In the figure, ABCD is a parallelogram. F is a point lying on AD. BF produced and CD produced meet at E. If CD: DE = 2:1, then AF: BC =



24. In the figure, ABC is a straight line. If BD = CD and AB = 10 cm, find BC correct to the nearest cm.



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- 25. In the figure, the two 6-sided polygons show
 - A. a rotation transformation.
 - B. a reflection transformation.
 - C. a translation transformation.
 - D. a dilation transformation.



- 26. If the point (-4,3) is rotated anti-clockwise about the origin through 180° , then the coordinates of its image are
 - A. (-3, -4).
 - B. (3,4).
 - C. (-4, -3).
 - D. (4, -3).
- 27. The box-and-whisker diagram below shows the distribution of the scores (in marks) of the students of a class in a test.



If the passing score of the test is 50 marks, then the passing percentage of the class is

- A. 25%.
- B. 50%.
- C. 70%.
- D. 75%.

28. The stem-and-leaf diagram below shows the distribution of heights (in cm) of 23 staff members in an office.

Stem (tens)	Le	af (ı	inits)				
15	3	3	4	5	6	7	9	
16	1	2	2	3	5	6	6	8
17	1	2	6	7	9			
18	2	6	7					

Find the median of the distribution.

- A. 164 cm
- B. 165 cm
- C. 165.5 cm
- D. 166 cm
- 29. { a-7, a-1, a, a+2, a+4, a+8 } and { a-9, a-2, a-1, a+3, a+4, a+6 } are two groups of numbers. Which of the following is/are true?
 - I. The two groups of numbers have the same mean.
 - II. The two groups of numbers have the same median.
 - III. The two groups of numbers have the same range.
 - A. I only
 - B. II only
 - C. I and III only
 - D. II and III only
- 30. The students' union of a school of 950 students wants to investigate the opinions of students in the school on the services provided by the tuck shop. A questionnaire is designed by the students' union and only the chairperson and vice-chairperson of the students' union are selected as a sample to fill in the questionnaire. Which of the following are the disadvantages of this sampling method?
 - I. The sample size is very small.
 - II. Not all students in the school are selected.
 - III. Not all students in the school have an equal chance of being selected.
 - A. I and II only
 - B. I and III only
 - C. II and III only
 - D. I, II and III

Section B

31.
$$\frac{1}{2-x} + \frac{x-1}{(x-2)^2} =$$

A. $\frac{-3}{(2-x)^2}$.
B. $\frac{1}{(2-x)^2}$.
C. $\frac{-2x+3}{(2-x)^2}$.
D. $\frac{2x-3}{(2-x)^2}$.

32. The graph in the figure shows the linear relation between x and $\log_5 y$. If $y = ab^x$, then a =



33. $1010010001001_2 =$

- A. $2^{12} + 2^{10} + 137$.
- B. $2^{12} + 2^{10} + 273$.
- C. $2^{13} + 2^{11} + 137$.
- D. $2^{13} + 2^{11} + 273$.

34. If k is a real number, then $4k - \frac{6+ki}{i} =$

- A. 3k+6i.
- B. 3k-6i.
- C. 5k + 6i.
- D. 5k-6i.

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35. Which of the triangular regions in the figure may represent the solution of $\begin{cases} 0 \le x \le 6\\ 0 \le y \le 3 \end{cases}$ $x \le 2y$



36. If the 3rd term and the 6th term of an arithmetic sequence are 18 and -6 respectively, then the 2nd term of the sequence is

A.	-8.		
B.	10.		
C.	26.		
D.	34.		

- 37. If the figure shows the graph of y = f(x) and the graph of y = g(x) on the same rectangular coordinate system, then
 - A. g(x) = f(x-2)-3. B. g(x) = f(x-2)+3. C. g(x) = f(x+2)-3. D. g(x) = f(x+2)+3.



38. In the figure, y =

A. $\frac{x \sin 77^{\circ}}{\sin 56^{\circ}}$.
B. $\frac{x \sin 47^{\circ}}{\sin 56^{\circ}}$.
C. $\frac{x \sin 56^{\circ}}{\sin 77^{\circ}}$.
p. $x \sin 77^{\circ}$

sin 47°



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D.

- 39. Peter invests P at the beginning of each month in a year at an interest rate of 6% per annum, compounded monthly. If he gets 10000 at the end of the year, find *P* correct to 2 decimal places.
 - A. 806.63
 - B. 829.19
 - C. 833.33
 - D. 882.18
- 40. The figure shows a cuboid *ABCDEFGH*. If the angle between the triangle *ACE* and the plane *ABCD* is θ , then $\tan \theta =$



- 41. In the figure, A, B and C are points lying on the circle. TA is the tangent to the circle at A. The straight line CBT is perpendicular to TA. If BC = 6 cm, find the radius of the circle correct to the nearest 0.1 cm.
 - A. 3.2 cm
 - B. 3.9 cm
 - C. 4.2 cm
 - D. 4.7 cm



- 42. Let a be a constant and $-90^\circ < b < 90^\circ$. If the figure shows the graph of $y = a \cos(x^\circ + b)$, then
 - A. a = -3 and $b = -40^{\circ}$.
 - B. a = -3 and $b = 40^{\circ}$.
 - C. a = 3 and $b = -40^{\circ}$.
 - D. a = 3 and $b = 40^{\circ}$.



43. Bag *A* contains 2 red balls, 3 green balls and 4 white balls while bag *B* contains 2 red balls, 3 green balls and 4 yellow balls. If one ball is drawn randomly from each bag, then the probability that the two balls drawn are of different colours is

A.	$\frac{13}{81}$.
B.	$\frac{29}{81} \ .$
C.	$\frac{52}{81} \ .$
D.	$\frac{68}{81}$.

44. If 2 girls and 5 boys randomly form a queue, find the probability that the two girls are next to each other in the queue.

A.	$\frac{1}{7}$
B.	$\frac{2}{7}$
C.	$\frac{6}{7}$
D.	$\frac{1}{21}$

45. A set of numbers has a mode of 32, an inter-quartile range of 27 and a variance of 25. If 3 is added to each number of the set and each resulting number is then doubled to form a new set of numbers, find the mode, the inter-quartile range and the variance of the new set of numbers.

	Mode	Inter-quartile range	Variance
A.	64	60	50
B.	70	60	100
C.	70	54	50
D.	70	54	100

END OF PAPER